

# Lesson 3.4a Introduction to Dissemination

## Lesson Content

Dissemination

**Principles** 

**Dissemination formats** 

Clarity

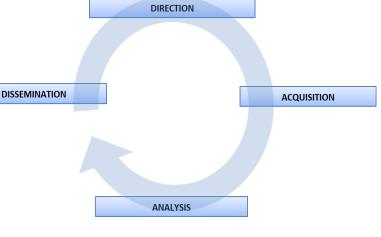
**UN reporting format** 

## Learning Objectives

- Explain why relevance and timeliness are crucial in the dissemination phase
- Explain how the MPKI products can be delivered in verbal, written or graphical means
- Explain how UN report formats are used to facilitate multinational interoperability

## Dissemination

- Dissemination is the process of conveying peacekeeping-intelligence to mission decisionmakers and other relevant mission personnel.
- Final phase of the PKI cycle
- To the right people, to enable decision-making and initiate further direction
- Timely and secure manner



## How to Disseminate

- Follow UN and Mission rules and regulations
  - Mission Peacekeeping-Intelligence Support Plan
  - Guidelines, SOP
  - Intelligence Dialogue
- Production Plan
  - Regular and Ad hoc products, timings, formats and who has responsibility;
  - Release authority for different products
  - Preferred dissemination (when, how and to whom)

## How to Disseminate

- Compliance with the "need to know/need to share" concepts
- Mandatory reporting requirements
  - human rights and humanitarian law violations including trafficking, combat-related sexual violence (CRSV) and crimes against children

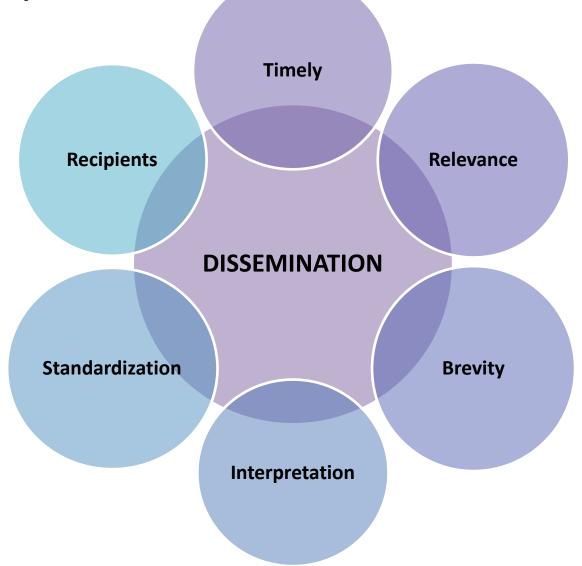
## How to Disseminate

- Information Management
- Responsibilities
  - Lead on dissemination of reporting
  - Ensure intelligence reporting are received and sent on time and in the correct format
  - Ensure that IT, documents and electronic media security protocols are complied with

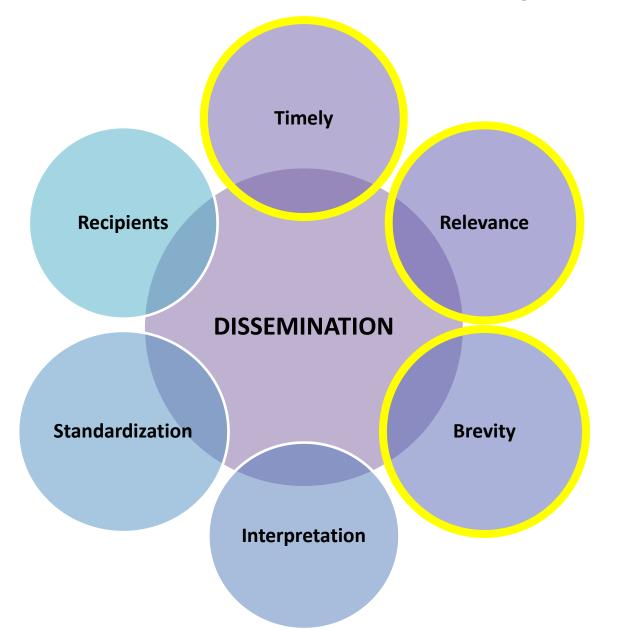
## Dissemination Principles

Placing of the results of the Analysis and Integration into the

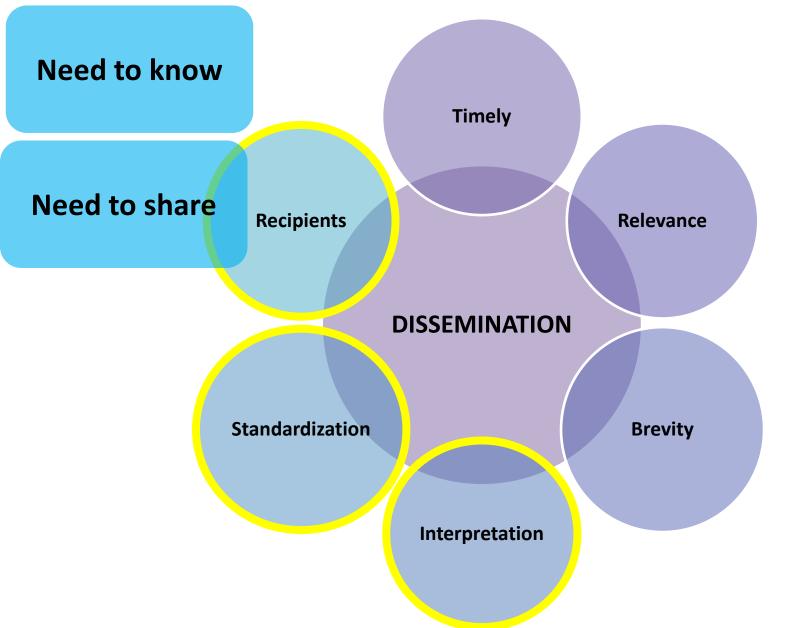
context of a prediction.



# Dissemination Principles



# Dissemination Principles



#### Dissemination Formats

Verbal

- Language
- Security Clearance
- Knowledge of the subject
- Time allocated
- Visual aids, IT

Written

- INTREP
- INTSUM

Graphica

- PICINTSUM
- Sketch maps
- Overlays

## Clarity

- Separate facts from assessments
- Standard format
- Visual aids and graphics
- The fewest possible words

## **UN Reporting Formats**

- Peacekeeping-Intelligence Reports (INTREP)
- Peacekeeping-Intelligence Summary (INTSUM)
- Thematic reports

#### Executive Summary

- Paragraph highlighting the main events
- Include assessments
- Continuous narrative or bullets points

#### Main Body Heading

- DTG, location
- Classification
- Distribution
- Title

#### Situation

- Report briefly what happened
- Provide only relevant information
- Consider recipient background provide additional information (footnotes, annex) if required
- Follow logic sequence of facts (time, location, actor)
- Relevant information unevaluated / unconfirmed sources

#### Comment

- Factual and provide context
- Relation to something happening or TTPs or can support
- Comment Ends

#### Assessment

- An evaluation of what has happened to explain why and whether it will occur again <u>based on your analysis of the</u> <u>information you have.</u>
- Deductive What just happened and Why?
- Predictive What will happen in the future?
- Include assessment of likelihood (uncertainty yardstick).
- Missing information
- Assessment Ends

| Qualitative Statement            | Associated Probability Range |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Remote or highly unlikely        | Less than 10%                |
| Improbable or Unlikely           | 15 -20%                      |
| Realistic Possibility            | 25.50%                       |
| Probable or Likely               | 55-70%                       |
| Highly Probable or Highly Likely | 75-85%                       |
| Almost Certain                   | More than 90%                |

#### **Outlook**

- Predictive, including second and third order effects
- Can be broken down into three time periods
  - Short term
  - Medium term
  - Long term
- Vary depending if at the tactical, operational or strategic level

## Example

#### WINFORNIA PoC pro-LEMON rallies.

**Situation** On 18 Apr 19, IDPs conducted a peaceful demonstration in the WINFORNIA POC site (GR12345678) to celebrate the release of John LEMON from house arrest.

**S2 Comment.** Considering the ethnic breakdown of the WINFORNIA PoC site (80% RONDA and 20% TUTU), the support for LEMON is unsurprising. These types of demonstrations are consistent with the current trend having been observed previously in both JUBAR (GR14567890) and DUKA (GR16456457) PoC sites. **Comment Ends.** 

**S2 Assessment. LEMON** is likely to gain confidence from the demonstrations and will take advantage of his increased freedom of movement, both physically and politically, increasing his relevance amongst the IDPs. It is highly likely that such demonstrations will continue to occur over the next 72-96 hours, despite being discouraged by UNIGAR. It is unlikely that these demonstrations will become violent as the IDPs seek continued assistance from UNIGAR. **Assessment Ends.** 

# Learning Activity – Criticize INTREP

| Classifications UN CONFIDENTIAL December 19445DIATE  |   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Classification: UN CONFIDENTIAL Precedence: IMMEDIATE.   |   |  |  |
| SUBJ:  |   |  |  |
| 1  | HIGHLIGHTS  | On 22 Nov 2019 the UN CSO reports that there was overt<br>surveillance of a UN base and some patrols in NICADIA:   |  |
|  |   | Surveillance of a ON base and some pariors in NOADIA,  |  |
|  |   | Reasonably ok source reported on 22 Nov 19 that the ENLF pays money for control of the BXP NE of DAFARI.   |  |
|  |   | On 23 Nov 2019 very reliable open sources report that three civilians, recently arrived to WALESI from NORTHLAND were very sick.   |  |
|  |   | On 24 Nov 2019, the EIMF is supposed to have launched an anti-UNMMIG media campaign.   |  |
| 2  | THREAT ACTORS   | NSTR   |  |
| 3  | FORCE PROTECTION  | NSTR   |  |
| 4  | OPPOSITION TO COHA  | NSTR   |  |
| 5  | MISCELLANEOUS   | NSTR   |  |
| 6  | POLITICAL   | NSTR   |  |
| 7  | UPCOMING EVENTS   | Election campaing.   |  |
| 8  | ASSESSMENT  | Overall, nothing has really changed in the AO. Sector East G2 considers that the reports about surveillance are alarmist as several recent patrols have reported that they are being photographed as they are a novelty in the area.   |  |
|  |   | SE G2 thinks that the ENLF probably does control the border, but we are not 100% certain. That said, it would seem to make sense as the ENLF does need money. Sector East G2 would therefore suggest that the report is probably at A1 level, possibly A2.   |  |
|  |   | The newspaper has excellent sources in WALESI and so we probably have three sick civilians from NORTHLAND. This might mean that there is an outbreak of sickness in NORTHLAND. Hospitals in WALESI are pretty good. Perhaps it would be timely to undertake a Quick Impact Project (QIP) to help.  |  |
|  |   | Sector East G2 cell has corroborated the anti-UNMIG campaign. Lots of twitter accounts 'liked' the story, some of which we geo-located to North and South Eri. Sector G2 therefore thinks that this is true. Realistically, we think this means that the Force needs to be very cognizant of potential threats while on patrols, possibly form armed elements. |  |
| 0  | ORIGINATOR: U2/UN Mission XX. Releasing officer: RU Joking. |  |  |
| THE STATE OF THE S |   |  |  |

## Take Away

- Peacekeeping intelligence that is not disseminated to those that have a need to know has no value
- Peacekeeping intelligence indicating an assessed threat to life must be conveyed immediately
- Dissemination must ensure that Peacekeeping intelligence is delivered at the right time, in the relevant quantity and quality, to the right people

# Questions